

Crystal Digital PCR® Assay

Information Sheet

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Product Name

BRAF (V600E, drop-off V600-K601) Crystal Digital PCR® Assay (R51021)

Description

Detected Targets

Targets	Sample Type	Detection Channels	Multiplex
BRAF (V600E, drop-off V600-K601)	DNA	Blue/Green/Red	3

The BRAF (V600E, drop-off V600-K601) Crystal Digital PCR® Assay is a 10X assay designed to detect and quantify mutations in codons V600 and K601 plus 1 mutation of the BRAF gene. BRAF is pivotal in regulating cell signaling pathways implicated in cancer development, notably melanoma, colorectal cancer and thyroid cancer, through its role in the MAPK/ERK pathway. Mutations in BRAF, particularly the V600E mutation, lead to uncontrolled cell proliferation and survival.

Multiplexing Strategy: Color-Combination

This assay relies on the Color-Combination multiplexing strategy proprietary to Stilla Technologies, in which targets are detected, differentiated, and quantified by Crystal Digital PCR using 2 fluorophores.

The table below indicates with a "X" which channel(s) are used for each target in the assay:

Targets	Base changes	Blue	Teal	Green	Yellow	Red	Infra-Red	Long- Shift
Wild-type (WT) BRAF V600-K601	N/A	Х		X				
Additional mutant (Add. MUT) BRAF V600-K601	N/A			Х				
BRAF V600E	c.1799T>A			Х		Х		

Remark: The mutants potentially detected by the drop-off system are mutations in addition to BRAF V600E targeted directly by a specific probe. Thus, if BRAF V600E is detected, it will not be quantified by the drop-off system. Conversely, if a V600-K601 mutation other than V600E is detected, it will be quantified by the drop-off system (Population: Add. MUT BRAF V600-K601).

Components

BRAF (V600E, drop-off V600-K601) Crystal Digital PCR® Assay comprises two reagents: a pool of the assay specific primers and Crystal Flex Probes and a Positive Control. Please refer to the lot specific Certificate of Conformity for characterized concentration, available for download at the Technical Resources section of the Stilla Technologies website.

Component Name	Reference	Concentration	Description
BRAF (V600E, drop-off V600- K601) Crystal Digital PCR® Assay	R51021	10X	Detects mutations in codons V600 and K601 of the BRAF gene and individually detects 1 mutation in the BRAF gene
KRAS Positive Control	R51019.PC0	10X	Contains: hgDNA, Synthetic BRAF mutants (V600E, V600K, K601E, K601N)

Thermocycling Programs

On the naica® system:

Step		Ramp rate
Step 1	Partition for Ruby Chip	-
Step 2	Temperature 95°C for 180 seconds	1°C/sec
Step 3	Begin Loop for 60 Iterations	-
Step 3.1	Temperature 95°C for 15 seconds	1°C/sec
Step 3.2	Temperature 60°C for 30 seconds	1°C/sec
Step 4	Temperature 58°C for 300 seconds	1°C/sec
Step 5	Release for Ruby Chip	-

On the Nio™ Digital PCR:

	Step		
Step 1	Partition for Ruby Chip	-	
Step 2	Temperature 95°C for 180 seconds	1°C/sec	
Step 3	Begin Loop for 60 Iterations	-	
Step 3.1	Temperature 95°C for 15 seconds	2°C/sec	
Step 3.2	Temperature 60°C for 30 seconds	2°C/sec	
Step 4	Temperature 58°C for 300 seconds	1°C/sec	
Step 5	Release for Ruby Chip	-	

Image Acquisition

Download the dedicated scanning file from the Technical Resources section of the Stilla Technologies website:

- ScanningTemplate_Prism3_BRAF_R51021.ncx (3-color naica® system)
- ScanningTemplate_Prism6_BRAF_R51021.ncx (6-color naica® system)
- NioProtocol_3C-60X-60°C-30s.nioprotocol (Nio™ Digital PCR)
- NioAssay_3C_BRAF_R51021.nioassay (Nio™ Digital PCR)



Image Analysis

The following files are embedded in the dedicated scanning files listed above:

- CompensationMatrix_Prism3_BRAF_R51021.ncm (3-color naica® system)
- CompensationMatrix_Prism6_BRAF_R51021.ncm (6-color naica® system)
- CompensationMatrix_Nio_BRAF_R51021.ncm (Nio™ Digital PCR)
- AnalysisConfiguration_BRAF_R51021.nca (all systems)

Consumables Required but Not Provided

- Ruby Chip (C16011)
- naica® PCR MIX 10X (R10106)
- Crystal Universal Reporters 3 (R41401 200 reactions, R41402 1000 reactions)
- Nuclease-free water

Instruction for PCR Mix Preparation

Specific instructions for preparing the PCR mix are given below.

Reagent Name	Initial Concentration	Final Concentration	Volume per reaction (µL)
naica® PCR MIX Buffer A	10x	1x	0.60
naica® PCR MIX Buffer B	100%	4%	0.24
Crystal Digital PCR® Assay	10x	1x	0.60
Crystal Universal Reporter Tube A 💍	40x	1x	0.15
Nuclease-free water	NA	NA	Variable
Template DNA	NA	NA	Variable
or Positive Control O	10x	1x	0.60
	6.0		

Representative Data and Instructions for Analysis

Set thresholds for separating positive and negative populations on the 1D plots. To optimize the analysis of the dropoff system, the Blue threshold should be set just above the negative cluster, the Green threshold should be set just below the positive cluster and the Red threshold should be set at approximately equal distance from the positive and negative clusters. Examples of results obtained on the Nio[™]+ are given below.

Remark: The Blue threshold can be adjusted on each individual chamber to optimize its placement. In this case, it is recommended to adjust the threshold in the 2D-plots.

Wet lab testing was carried out using genomic hgDNA as a negative control and a positive control consisting of hgDNA and 4 synthetic BRAF mutants (V600E, V600K, K601E, K601N). Synthetic BRAF mutants were also tested individually (V600E, V600K, K601E, K601N).



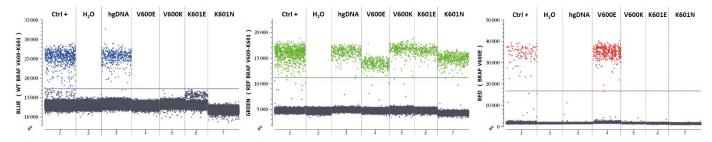


Figure 1: 1D plots obtained during wet lab testing on the Nio™+. The Blue threshold is set just above the negative cluster, the Green threshold is set just below the positive cluster and the Red threshold is set at approximately equal distance from the positive and negative clusters. Remark: a slight non-specific reaction of BRAF V600-K601 WT probe on BRAF K601E may be observed in the Blue channel.

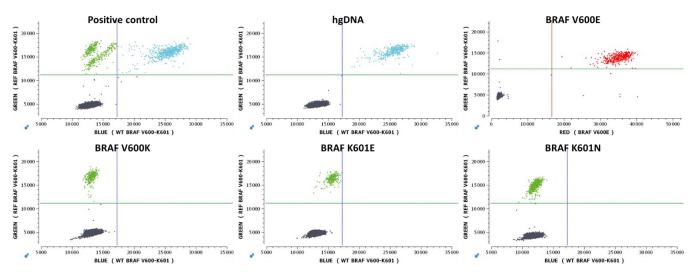


Figure 2: 2D plots obtained during wet lab testing on the Nio™+. The Blue-Green double-positive population corresponds to wild-type DNA while the Red-Green double-positive population corresponds to BRAF V600E. The Green single-positive population corresponds to additional V600-K601 mutated DNA such as V600K/K601E/K601N.



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